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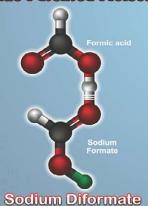


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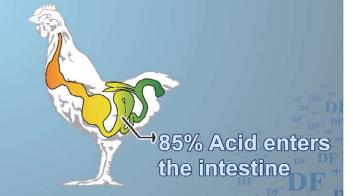
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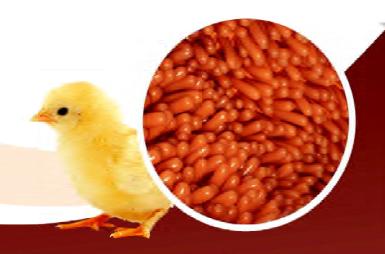
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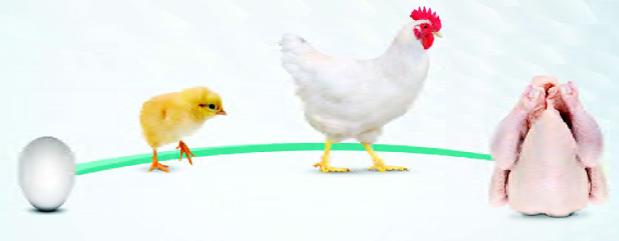
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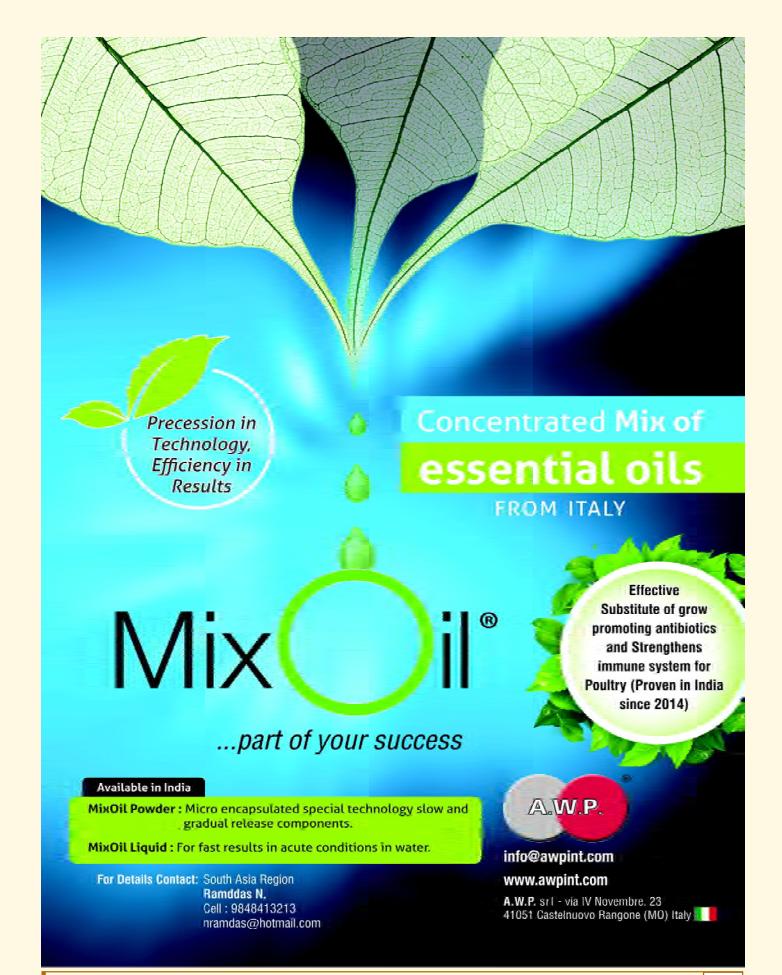
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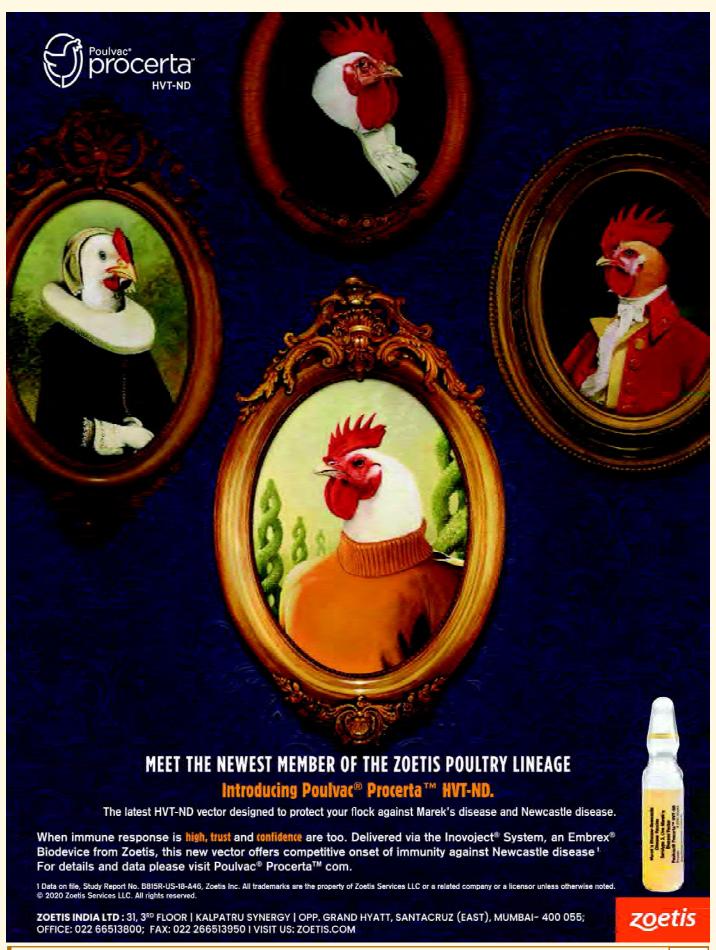
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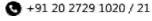


















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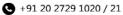
In a recent interview with Engormix - Media Partner from Argentina, Mr. O. P. Singh shared his ideas on the most important concerns of today's time in reference to the Poultry Industry.

Following were the questions asked during the interview:

- In this current market scenario, what are some of the problems the Poultry Industry in the Indian Subcontinent might face soon?
- What is the role of India as an important player in feeding the world population?



Scan the QR code and watch exclusive the interview





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GLIMPSE FROM THE POULTRY INDIA EXHIBITION 2022 AT HITEX, HYDERABAD.













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EVERLASTING MEMORIES FROM POULTRY INDIA EXHIBITION-2022.













ABTL

EVERLASTING MEMORIES FROM POULTRY INDIA EXHIBITION-2022.









Looking back I can say that the Poultry India Exhibition was a very successful exhibition. Glad to meet our esteemed customers/ stakeholders /friends after a long time. I'd like to thank everyone who made it memorable with an everlasting experience.

"A moment lasts for a second but the memories live on forever". Mr. Sumit Sipany - Product & Marketing Executive, ABTL.



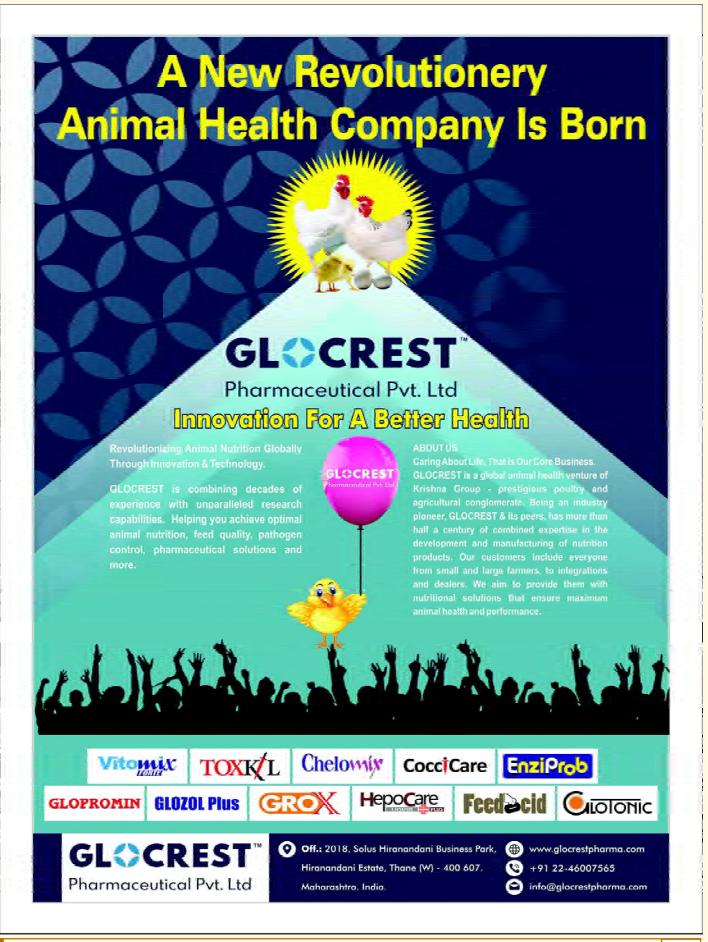
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PRESS RELEASE



"Technology cannot replace humanity. But, technology in the hands of great learners can create a positive change."



Abiding by its philosophy of " making you more competitive" Rossari - AHN empowers poultry producers by providing innovative nutritional solutions and technical updates with present trends & developments on varied subjects of importance for current-day poultry production.

Rossari Animal Health & Nutrition segment recently organised a Technical Knowledge Forum at Hotel Babylon, Raipur on December 07, 2022. During this session, we shared insightful knowledge and recent technological advancements with 50+ poultry breeders & layer farmers, consultants, and business partners of the company.

Followed by the welcome note, Dr Shambhavi presented a brief introduction of the company showcasing its manufacturing strength, R&D & QC developments, our market presence and the flagship brand products.

Dr Sushil Dhariwal, Poultry Consultant & Breeder Expert, had a detailed discussion on Broiler





Breeder Management, Health & Nutrition. Through his vast experience, Dr Dharwial enlightened the audience with facts & checks on the management and nutrition of broiler breeders through different phases of growth & production. Also, Dr Anand Khandwekar, GM - Technical presented a very informative discussion on the Impact & importance of NSP enzymes on gut health & productivity.

We take this moment to thank the audience for this session and encourage them to implement these processes to boost the standard production performance of breeder & layer flocks for maximum profitability.

Regards,

Dr Aashaq Hussain Ganaie

AGM - Technical (AHN)

E-mail: aashaq.hussain@rossarimail.com

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 - 1. Low feed consumption with good FCR, 2. Low pullets (minimum), 3. More than 24 weeks 90% production 4. No over sized eggs after 60 weeks
- Flock Age : 89 Weeks Peak Production : 94.10% Weeks Above 90% : 34 Weeks Above 95% : 15 Hen House Eggs : 409.86 Cumulative Feed Per Egg
- Feed Per Day 100.01 g (Laying Period) % Achievement of : 97.49% Standard H.H Eggs
- Feed Cost Per Egg : Rs. 3.12/-Upto 89 Weeks @ Rs. 26/KG

I have taken 14 batches of Srinivasa Hy-Line since Srinivasa started supplying. I am a very happy customer due to low feed cost, good egg size & excellent shell strength. Added bonus is Srinivasa's technical support. I strongly recommend SrinivasaHy-Line to flourish in the industry. Hence I made profits even in the last 2 years.

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PRESS RELEASE

SrinivasaFarms^{**}

Srinivasa Hy-Line India Technical School

Srinivasa Farms, Hy-Line International and Wyldox hosted India Technical School on 21st November 2022 at Hyderabad, to share the latest innovative solutions on "How to make Rs. 150 – 200 moreper bird" with Farmers and people connected with the Layer Industry.

The event witnessed huge success with active participation of over 130+ Layer Poultry farmers, consultants and market leaders whose farm's bird capacity ranging from 10,000 to 20,00,000 from all over India.



Venkat Rao, Layer Business Head, Srinivasa Farms, Welcomed and thanked the Poultry Farmers, Esteemed Doctors, Poultry Practitioners, Srinivasa Sales&Technical Services Team from

All India. He created how the school was more of a Techno-Commercial School. Venkat shared how in his visits to farmers all over India, the need today was to calculate cost of production vs looking at HD%



New W-80 India Logo



Mr. Suresh Chitturi, Vice Chairman & Managing Director, Srinivasa Farms spoke on how W-80 India has evolved from W-80 on building a robust future in layer industry which is an access to make Rs. 150 – 200 more per bird.

Furthermore, he presentedeconomics of W-80 India bird by sharing the performances of Srinivasa Hy-Line farmers who made more than Rs. 250 per bird compared to other breeds. This has opened an opportunity to farmers to think about FCR, Quality and cost of production, which can aid poultry farmers investing in the future of the industry and health of the nation.



Gustavo Wassermann Global Director of Sales at Hy-Line International, captured farmers attention by articulating how "Hy-Line W-80became theWorld's Most sustainable choice for High Egg Output, feed

conversion, and eggshell quality. He shared how



Hy-Line with its genetic program is creating 20 more per bird every year to Indian commercial Layer farmers. He also recognized 5 years Partnership of Hy-Line International & Srinivasa Farms and the Launch of Hy-Line W-80 India.





Dr D. Chandrasekharan, Professor (Retired), TANUVAS, Namakkal was the next speaker and he passionately created with the audience on "Why to focus on Proper Nutrition and Feed intake to survive and make profits in the

changed economic conditions". His message to the farmers was mainly on how the newer breeds have

better FCR and Egg Quality which is the need of the Indian Layer Poultry Industry.



Hy-Line
International's
Applied Geneticist,
Dr. Petak Settar;
educatedfarmers
about Layer
Genetics and the
Journey of W-80
India's evolution. The
investment and

passion of the Hy-Line team and Srinivasa Farms' technical team for the benefit of its farmers paid off, leaving the competitors gasping.

Vitor Arantes,
Global Technical
Services Director,
H y - L i n e
International;
Shared the
evolution of W-80
India over the past
five years and the
encouraging field
data. He also talked



about how important nutrition and management are, which saves the farmer a lot of money. Every rupee saved is earned, and for a 5 Lakh farmer the savings could be in Crores



Dr. Jayaraman, Educated farmers on "Commercial Layers Disease Management in Current conditions and its Economic Impact". Dr. Jayaraman



highlighted how proper biosecurity and investment in disease prevention can ensure farmers have control on the health of their flocks.

Q&A Session: Address-ing the farmer's queries

















The founders of Wyldox, Varun and Kartik Aggarwal, discussed the significance of water quality and the efficiency of Wyldox as a one-stop shop for all of the farm's water and biosecurity requirements!

Farmers have shared their splendid journey with Srinivasa Hy-Line.



His experience with 14 Hy-Line batches, Mr. Kanchana Rao, a layer farmer in Krishna District, Andhra Pradesh,

endorsed Hy-Line W-80 India and discussed how he is seeing the benefit with the Srinivasa and Hy-Line partnership.



Mr.Ashok Mandava, Vijaynagar Egg Farm, Bellary, Karnataka, Shared his experience with Hy-Line from 1998 and never lost money in all these years.

	B	20	BROILER LIFTING	8		Ē	Z		Z	ij	RATES		S	FOR THE	뿌		N C	Ė	9	MONTH OF NOVEMBER	9	×	Ξ	3E		2022	7	
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PRESS RELEASE



Alltech ONE Conference embarks on a World Tourin 2023



The Alltech ONE World Tour will mobilize the renowned annual conference to customers around the globe

[LEXINGTON, Ky.] –Alltech is transforming its annual Alltech ONE Conference (ONE) in 2023 into a series of international events that will invite collaboration on the greatest challenges facing the agri-food industry. Instead of welcoming the world to Alltech's home in Lexington, Kentucky, as it has for the past 38 years, the Alltech ONE World Tour will bring the ideas and inspiration of the ONE Conference to communities throughout the world.

Stops are planned in Brazil, Canada, Hungary, Indonesia, Ireland, Italy, the Middle East the Philippines, Singapore, Spain, the United States and Vietnam, providing the opportunityfor more people than ever to experience the power of ONE and to hear from experts on trending topics in the agriculture industry. Additional stops are expected to be announced in 2023.

"As our customers and partners continue to face many challenges and uncertainties, we determined that 2023 would be dedicated to meeting them in their market," said Dr. Mark Lyons, president and CEO. "This special edition of the ONE will endeavor to deliver global expertise to locally relevant issues. In the midst of economic and political uncertainties that fuel regionalization, this ONE reflects the responsibility we have as a global company to be a connector of people and ideas, ever advancing our purpose of Working Together for a Planet of Plenty."

While Alltech looks forward to bringing the international conference home to Kentucky in 2024, the 2023 ONE World Tour is a unique opportunity to discuss the future of agriculture with stakeholders all over the world, offering both a global and local perspective for attendees. It will unite changemakers and thought leaders in unique forums to discuss the future, examining regional and local market trends in agriculture, business, health and nutrition.

Alltech will release more details about its international tour stops and event dates in the coming weeks. Visit <u>one.alltech.com</u> for more information and to subscribe to notifications on tour updates.

-Ends-

Contact: Dr. Manish Chaurasia, Marketing Manager, South Asia

mchaurasia@alltech.com; +91 8130890989

About Alltech:

Founded in 1980 by Irish entrepreneur and scientist Dr. Pearse Lyons, Alltech delivers smarter, more sustainable solutions for agriculture. Our diverse portfolio of products and services improves the health and performance of plants and animals, resulting in better nutrition for all and a decreased environmental impact.

We are a global leader in the agriculture industry. Our team produces specialty ingredients, premix supplements, feed and biologicals, backed by science and an unparalleled platform of services.

Strengthened by more than 40 years of scientific research, we carry forward a legacy of innovation and a unique culture that views challenges through an entrepreneurial lens. As a private, family-owned company, we adapt quickly to our customers' needs and focus on advanced innovation.

We believe agriculture has the greatest potential to shape the future of our planet. Our more than 5,000 talented team members worldwide share our purpose of Working Together for a Planet of Plenty™. Together, we can provide nutrition for all, revitalize local economies and replenish the planet's natural resources.

Headquartered just outside of Lexington, Kentucky, USA, Alltech serves customers in more than 120 countries, has five bioscience centers, and operates more than 80 manufacturing facilities across the globe.

For more information, visit alltech.com, or join the conversation on Facebook, Twitter and LinkedIn.

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Re-emerging Poultry Diseases of Public Health Significance

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Suraj Amrutkar

Introduction:

According to the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious diseases, emerging Infectious diseases are commonly defined as:

- i) Outbreak of previously unknown diseases
- ii) Known diseases that are rapidly increasing in incidence or geographic range in the last 2 – decades.
- iii) Persistence of infectious diseases that can not be controlled

Re-emerging diseases are diseases that reappear after they have been on a significance decline. Reemergence may happen because of:

- Breakdown in public health measures for diseases that were once under control.
- They can also happen when new strains of known disease causing organism appear.
- Over use of antibiotics has led to disease causing organisms that are resistant to medicine. It has allowed a return of diseases that once were treatable and controllable.

Emerging and re-emerging diseases in poultry: Poultry diseases remain of major economic and public health importance. Important disease related to emerging and re-emerging is:

i) Bird flu (Avian Influenza)

Avian Influenza:

Avian Influenza is commonly known as "Bird Flu". Avian Influenza is a viral disease characterized by extremely high mortality. The virus affects the respiratory, digestive and nervous system. Migratory

waterfowl, particularly ducks have yielded more viruses than any other group. However, most Al infections do not produce clinical diseases in free living birds. **Incubation period** in Avian Influenza is 3 days.

Etiology: It is caused by Orthomyxo virus.

Symptoms: Symptoms of Avian Influenza disease depends upon the type of virus i.e. Mildly Pathogenic Avian Influenza or Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza.

Mildly Pathogenic Avian Influenza:

In Chicken: The most common symptoms include mild to severe respiratory symptoms. These include coughing, sneezing, abnormal respiratory sound (rales and excessive discharge from the eyes (lacrimation). In layers and breeders, hens may show increased broodiness and decreased egg production. In addition, they show huddling, ruffled broodiness, depression, decreased activity, reduced feed and water consumption, and sometimes diarrhea. Emaciation (thinning) is uncommon because Al is an acute and not a chronic disease.

Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza:

In Chicken: In most cases, the disease attacks suddenly and is extremely severe. Some birds are found dead without showing any symptoms. If the disease is less severe and birds survive for 3-7 days, individual birds may show nervous disorders, such as tremors of head and neck, inability to stand, twisting of the neck, and unusual position of head and legs. The poultry house usually quite because of decreased activity and reduction in normal vocal sound of the birds. Depression and decreased in feed consumption are common. Sudden drop in egg production occurs in breeders and layers. The drops go on increasing and within six day there is total stoppage of egg production. Respiratory symptoms are less common than with MPAI viruses, but can include abnormal respiratory sound (rales), sneezing and coughing.

Postmortem findings:

Postmortem findings are extremely variable, depending on the pathogenecity of the infecting virus and presence of secondary pathogens.

Mildly Pathogenic Avian Influenza:

In poultry, the most common lesions (changes) are in the respiratory tract, especially sinuses, and are characterized by different types of inflammation. The tracheal mucosa (i.e. internal lining of trachea) are swollen (oedematous) with congestion and sometimes hemorrhages. Tracheal exudates (inflammatory fluids) may vary from serous (resembling serum) to caseous (cheese like) with, at times, blockage of airways resulting in asphyxiation (suffocation). Airsacculitis (inflammation of airsacs) may be present. The inflammation is usually associated with secondary bacterial infections. The infraorbital sinuses (i.e. presence below the eyes) may be swollen and mucus to mucopurulent nasal discharge Bronchopneumonia can result when secondary pathogens such as E.Coli and Pasteurella multocida. In the body cavity, there may be catarrhal to fibrinous peritonitis (i.e. inflammation of peritoneum, a membrane in the body cavity), and even egg yolk peritonitis may observed. Enteritis (inflammation of the intestines) may be observed in the caeca and or intestine. Inflammatory exudates may be found in the oviduct of laying birds, and last few eggs laid have reduced calcium deposition within the egg shells. Rarely eggs are misshapen and fragile with loss of pigmentation. Ovaries undergo regression, beginning with haemorrages in the follicles and progressing to colliquation. That is, the ovary becomes softened and liquefied. The oviduct may be swollen (oedematous) and contain exudates (inflammatory fluids) before undergoing involution (shrinkage). In a few cases in laying hens, kidneys may be swollen and accompanied by visceral gout

Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza:

HPAI viruses produce a variety of oedematous, hemorrhagic and necrotic lesions in internal organs and the skin. However, if the death is sudden, no gross lesions may be seen. In chicken, swelling of the head, face, upper neck and feet are common as a result of subcutaneous oedema (accumulation of fluid under the skin). The eye ay be excessive discharge, and swelling surrounding the eye is

common. These changes are accompanied by small to large haemorrhages below the skin in the feet. Necrotic foci (area of dead tissues), haemorrhage, and cyanosis (bluish to purple discoloration of the skin due to deficiency of oxygen in blood) of the non-feathered skin are common, especially wattles, comb and legs.

Lesions (changes) in the internal organs are varying with virus strains, but are mostly hemorrhages on serosal or mucosal surfaces and foci off nrcrosis inside the internal organs. Most common are prominent haemorrhages on the surface of the heart (epicardium), in the breast and leg muscles, and in mucosa (lining) of the proventriculus and gizzard and at times, in small intestine. Necrotic foci are common in pancreas, spleen and heart and sometimes in liver and kidney. Trachea may be highly congested and in severe cases may exhibit severe haemorrhages. This was seen in particularly Indian outbreak.

Treatment: There is no satisfactory treatment. Supportive care and treatment with broad spectrum antibiotics may reduce the effects of concurrent bacterial infections.

Prevention:

- The most important source of virus for poultry is other infected birds. Therefore, the first step towards prevention of infection is separation of susceptible birds from infected birds and their secretions and excretions. Biosecurity is the first line of defense.
- Spread can occur when susceptible and infected birds are close contact, or when infectious materials from infected birds are introduced into the environment of susceptible birds. Such introduction occurs with the movement of equipment, footwear (shoes etc.) and clothing, vehicle, insemination equipments, feed, water etc. The presence of virus in faecal material is the source for its movement through equipment and people.
- There should be no contact with recovered flocks, because the length of time birds within a population shed virus is not clearly known.
- Wild birds are the reservoir of Influenza viruses.
 They should be considered a major source of infection for poultry. Therefore, it is important to reduce the contact between these two groups.

Control:

- Influenza virus is excreted from both respiratory and digestive systems. Therefore, within a poultry house, birds-to-bird transmission is by air and ingestion. Contaminated poultry manure (faeces) is the most important source of spread between flocks.
- After the Avian Influenza has been introduced into commercial flocks, certain things must be identified that contribute to its spread. These include unclean equipment and people, marketing of actively infected flock, and inadequate cleaning and disinfection.
- All methods for controlling the spread of Influenza are based on preventing contamination and controlling the movements of people and equipment. Persons who have direct contact with birds or their faeces have been the cause of most disease spread between houses or premises. Equipment that come in contact with birds or their faeces should not be moved from farm to farm without adequate cleaning and disinfection. Also, it is important that the traffic area near the poultry house does not get contaminated with faeces / manure.

Vaccination: Inactivated Influenza virus vaccines have been used. Vaccinated flocks can not be considered influenza virus free.

Biosecurity measures to fight Avian Influenza Threat:

Bio-security is a process to prevent disease from entering your farm or poultry flock. Avian Influenza (AI) makes extremely important for poultry farmers to protect their flocks by having strong bio-security measures. There are two main pathways for diseases transmission in most poultry flock.

- 1.) Direct transmission: (Physical contact between infected and healthy individuals)
- 2.) Indirect transmission:
- Disease agent is carried to susceptible individual by Human, feed and water
- Environment (contaminated pens, pasture or water sources)
- Share equipments
- · Rodent and other vermin
- Pets

Two sets of bio-security practices:

- 1.) Prevent direct transmission:
- Acquire birds from standard source
- Quarantine bird for 30 days after purchase of returning from shows/fairs
- Do not mix multiple species particularly duck and chicken or ages
- Do not allow your flock contact with wild bird dropping by keeping domestic poultry under a roof
- 2.) Prevent Indirect contact:
- Post "No visitors" and "Restricted Area" signs at road entrance to firm
- Do not allow visitors access to your birds and do not visit other poultry farms
- Have dedicated clothing and footwears for use when working in/near your flock
- Essential visitors should wear disposable coverall, boots and head gear.
- Clean and disinfect feeders and drinkers every day. Clean and disinfect poultry houses and equipment at least once in year
- Clean/disinfect all coops, crates and other poultry containers or equipments before and after use.
- Use plastic or metals, not wood. Wood is difficult to clean.
- Do not keep feeders or other sources of food for birds on your property.
- Use sound deterrent to keep wild birds from roosting on your property.
- If one of your birds becomes sick or dies, do not move the other birds to a different farm even if they appear healthy.
- If possible, cover pens and vents and opening in the poultry house with narrow mesh screen to keep out wild birds
- Monitors all vehicles entering the farm to determine, they have been properly clean and disinfected including the tires and under carriage.
- Maintain an effective rodent control programme (rodent can carry many diseases)
- Do not share equipment with friends or neighbors.

- Purchase feed from a trusted source, keep it safe from wild birds and rodents
- All persons entering poultry facilities should use footbaths, and footbath should be changed frequently to help to maintain effectiveness.
- Wash hands and use hand sanitizers both before and after visiting the resistant birds.
- Birds and varmint proof your coop pens and house
- Keep poultry houses securely locked, and locked from inside while working inside
- Dispose of dead birds in approved manner (Composting, Incineration or burial)
- Hunters and any one handling wild game (especially waterfowl) must completely change clothing and shower or bath before entering flock area).
- Don't borrow disease from your neighbor

Know the warning sign of infectious bird diseases:

- Coughing, sneezing, watery eye, nasal discharge and gasping for breath
- Lethargy, depression and decreased feed and water intake
- Swelling around the eye, neck and head
- Purple discoloration of the wattle, comb and legs
- · Watery or green diarrhea

- Drop in egg production or increase in soft or thin shelled and misshapen eggs
- Sudden increase in bird deaths in your flock **Report sick birds**:
- If you suspect a problem, contact local veterinarian immediately
- Don't wait for things to possibly get worse
- Sick and dying birds should be submitted to a diagnostic laboratory for proper diagnosis of the problem

Quarantine:

 Restrict the movement of poultry/equipments into and out of the control area

Depopulate:

Humanely euthanize the affected flock

Clean and Disinfect:

• Kill the virus in the affected location.

Test:

 First confirm that the poultry farm is Al virus free before allowing repopulation.

Poultry is still safe to eat?

Cooking method adopted by India for poultry egg is very well destroying influenza virus. It is recommended that poultry has to cook at 165°F temperature. This is true for all poultry all the time, not just in a diseases outbreak situation.



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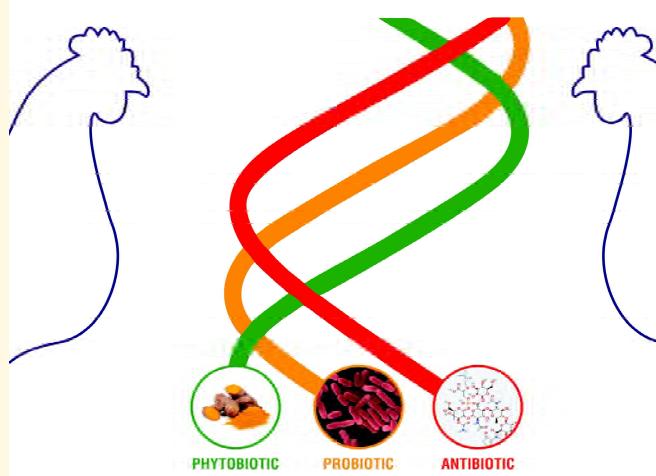
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PRESS RELEASE



Provet @ 14th Poultry India Expo 2022, Hyderabad

Provet Pharma Private Limited, marked its presence at the 14th Poultry India 2022 Expo, held from 23rd to 25th November 2022, at HITEX Exhibition Complex, Hyderabad. Provet stall highlighted the theme "NAGRONEX - Non-Antibiotic Growth Promoters for Next Generation Poultry" with a good customer turnout from all over India and overseas.

Renowned veterinarians, consultants, poultry farmers, associates from poultry feed industries, delegates, and integrators stopped over to discuss about the novel portfolio and share valuable expertise. Novel products Nagronex SNB, Nagronex ESF, Bambercin Plus, Larvistat Super, Peptonic Gold, and Immulator formed the prime topics under discussion.



Provet Stall at Hall 4



Team Phoenix





Team CPF



Mr Ramakrishna Reddy, Sneha Farms

The 3-day expo was a good opportunity indeed, to meet, share, interact and create a good deal of interest among business associates and customers all over India and overseas.



Mr Radheshyam Roy & Mr Madan Maity



Dr Chandrashekar, Mr Pradeep Krishna, SKM Feeds



Mr SumitSureka& Mr Srinithi -ShivshaktiAgro



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Dr Prajapati, Dr Nishant Patel & Other Consultants

Provet constantly innovates, optimises costs and works on giving solutions to existing, emerging challenges in the industry and at the same time ensuring health, welfare of food animals. Provet makes it a point to participate in all major upcoming events to showcase, share the goodness of Provet's solutions.

"TYLVATEC – THE BEST-IN-CLASS ANTI-MYCOPLASMAL" LAUNCH @ POULTRY INDIA EXPO

Provet launched TYLVATEC SOLUBLE – THE BEST-IN-CLASS ANTI MYCOPLASMAL, with the unveiling of the product pack, product brochure, in the presence of renowned consultants and esteemed customers.

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PROVET - BEST HEALTH CARE PRODUCT AWARD @ 7th IPJA GLOBAL AWARDS 2022 for Poultry

Provet won the **BEST HEALTH CARE PRODUCTAWARD** for its innovative brand portfolio **NAGRONEX**, at the 7th IPJA Global Awards function held at Hotel Avasa, Hyderabad on the 24th of November 2022.



Dr. Muthu Selvan, Managing Director, and Dr. Senthil, Director, receiving the Award



Team Provet at TYLVATEC Product Launch



Team Provet with IPJA Award

NAGRONEX, stands for Non-Antibiotic Growth Promoters of NEX Gen (NAGRONEX). The brand portfolio comprises natural, healthy, safe, holistic, and proven alternatives to AGPs ensuring sustainable, optimal, and efficient growth promotion in food animals while ensuring better animal care, wellbeing, and safe, wholesome food to humankind. NAGRONEX brand portfolio today enjoys widespread acceptance among major poultry producers across the nation, a greater market share, and has got more eyeballs in many countries

Free Lance Poultry Consultant

DR.MANOJ SHUKLA, a renowned poultry Veterinarian, with 20 years of enriched field experience, now started Free Lance Poultry Consultancy. In the past 20 years have contributed to the development of the hatcheries in various capacities of leading companies across India - Maharashtra, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Orissa, Bihar, West Bengal, Jharkhand, North-East, Uttar Pradesh and neighbouring country of Nepal.



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He can be Contacted at:- Dr. Manoj Shukla

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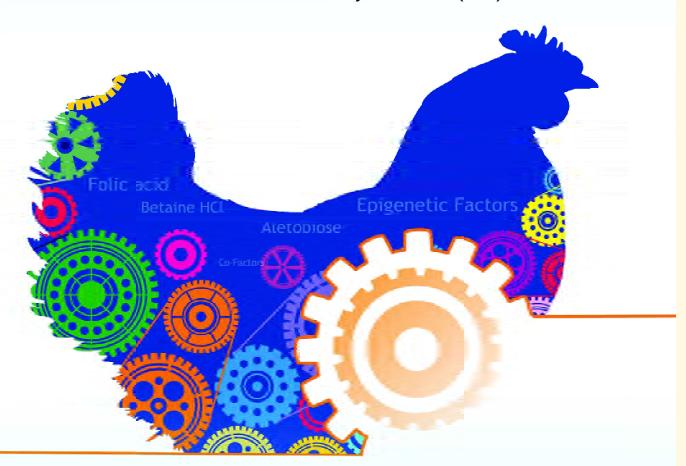
As a strategic partner, Poultry Line wishes Dr. Shukla every success in his new assignment



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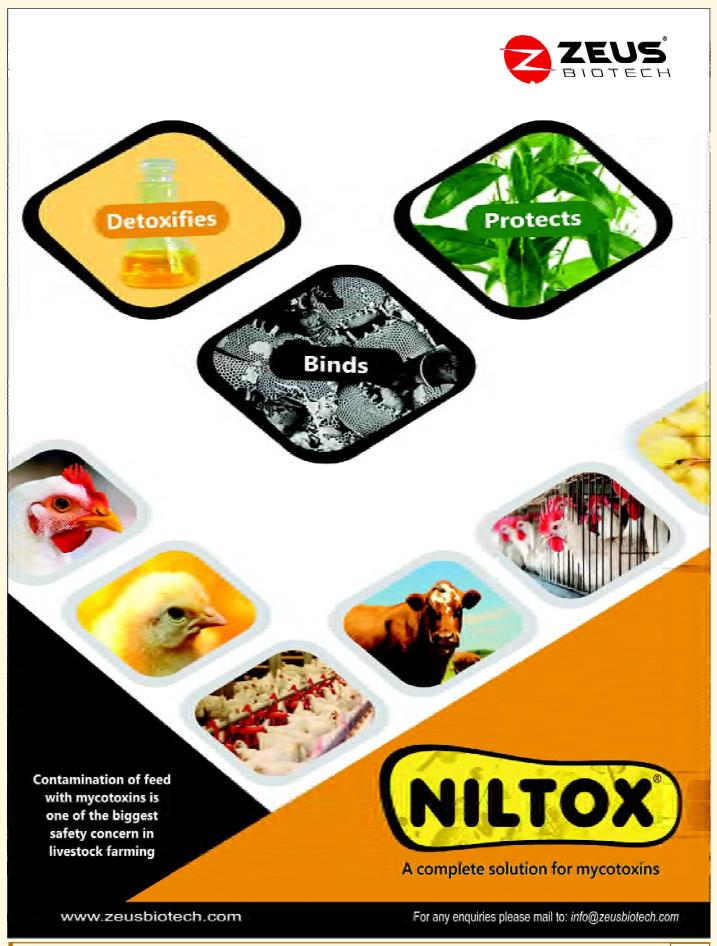
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Importance of Japanese Quail Farming in India

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2. Assistant professor, Department of AGB, GADVASU, Punjab

3. SMS, ILFC, Parbhani Veterinary College, Parbhani, Maharashtra



Suraj Amrutkar

Introduction:

Quails are newly introduced species which belong to phamily Phasianidae and class: Aves. Quails are commonly seen in Asia, Africa and Europe. Japanese Quail (Coturnic

coturnix japonica) is popularly known as Bater in Hindi. Japanese quails are prolific layers. Some females lay as early as 5 weeks of age depending upon the day length. The average age of first egg is being laid at about 40 days. Under tropical conditions, quails mature by about 7-8 weeks of age and reach peak production by about 10 weeks. Under favorable environment, they produce for long periods approximately 280-300 eggs per year. Japanese quails require about 14-18 hrs of day light for optimum production. About 75% quails are laid between 3:00 P.M. to 6:00 P.M. and 20% of the eggs in darkness. Eggs are multicolored, ranging from dark brown, blue and white to buff, each heavily mottled with black, brown and blue. Weight of the egg is approximately 10 gm which is about 7% of the hen body weight. The first egg of a sequence is smaller than succeeding eggs. Hatchability decreases on storage at a fairly constant rate of about 3% per day. Age of parent stocks has a pronounced effect on hatchability. Maximum hatchability occurs with eggs from 8-24 weeks old birds. Domesticated quails reproduce all through the year. For optimum fertility, parents should be 10-24 weeks old. One male should mate to 3 or less number of females of eggs should be collected 4 days after introduction of males. Hatching eggs should be fumigated for 20 minutes before storage. As the female grow old, hatchability of fertile eggs hatch well. It takes about 18 days for eggs to hatch. In incubators and hatchers used for chicken can be used, but setting trays need modification due to small size of eggs. Quails are very sensitive to abrupt environmental changes during the first 2 weeks of their life. They need better care during brooding age. Although, the disease pattern is remains the same as that of chicken. Quails are reported to be resistant to Ranikhet disease, Ascariosis and chicken coccidiosis, but they do suffer from Aspergillosis.

Advantage of quail farming:

Japanese quail is hardy in nature and do not require routine vaccination and medication. It attain faster growth rate and attain early sexual maturity; reach sexual maturity at 42 days/ bird of 6 weeks of age. Quail has high egg production rate 280-300 eggs/ years. Japanese quail annual egg mass is 20 times than higher adult quail body weight but while in chicken 10 times. Egg weight to body weight: Quail 8%, Chicken 3% and Turkey 1%. Quail have shortest generation interval: 3-4 generation per year. Thus making an important laboratory animal. It can adapt to varying environment condition because of similarity to chicken in many aspects. Quails are used as pilot animals in genetics, nutritional, physiologic, management and cancer studies. Quail used in embryonic research especially white shell line. Quail has low feed requirements: Feed requirement 25 gm/day. Annual feed consumption 8 kg/year. For broiler quails marketed at 5 weeks at 450 gm body weight. Quail has shorter incubation period (18 days). Quail has less floor space requirement: 8-10 quails reared in place of 1 chicken. Quail meat has medicinal value, used in Ayurvedic preparation; for T.B. treatment. Quail has less fat, 20 more caloric value, more phospholipids and cholesterol, 16.2 mg/g of yolk, chicken 17.9 mg/g of yolk. Quail meat cholesterol is low 57.8/100gm of meat Vs. chicken 65.9mg/ 100gm meat. Quail meat promotes body and brain development in children.

General characteristics quail:

Male weight is 130-150 gm and female is heavier than male. Female weight is 150-200gm. Males are smaller to female. In male, upper part of breast is cinnamon coloured and lower part of breast is light brown colour. In female, face, throat and upper part of breast is light cinnamon with black stippings and lower part of breast having tan in colour. Sexes identified by 3 weeks of age with differentiate in plumage with 90-98%, precision approximately. By 6th weeks, male produce peculiar sound. Sexual active male have Cloacal gland or Foam gland.

Breeding of quails for egg production:

In the wild states, quails are generally monogamous studies have conducted. Under the intensive system of rearing, maximum fertility obtain with 1male: 2-3 females ratio. A.I. has not been found to be useful for production of fertile egg due to low volume of semen and presence of foam during sperm production. There is seasonal effect on hatchability is observed during October to March month and poor hatchability is observed during June to August. Too many or too few quail cocks in the unit leads to higher proportion of infertile eggs. Quail cock are aggressive and when there are too many of them, a phenomenon called "Psychological castration" often arises as a result of peck order of dominance pyramid. Cock at the base of the pyramid are usually not getting chance to mate by stronger males. As the phenomenon progress, despite the fact that, they are physically normal, weaker cocks will fail to mate even if they are separated and provided with hen. In the floor system of rearing, 1 male: 4-5 female is sufficient. Fertility of 80% or more is mentioned in quail hens, even after the removal of males for 3 days. This is the shortest fertile for domesticated birds because chicken and ducks maintain fertility for 7-8 days and turkey 20 days after removal of males.

Age of breeding stocks:

Very young quail cocks are often not sufficiently dominant to mate. In Japanese quail, maximum fertility is reached between 12-15 weeks of age, after which it declines gradually. In quail, body weight is a highly fertility trait. So for breeding purpose, selection is mainly by individual selection, mass selection. There is improvement of 2-5gm/ generation, when the selection practiced for 4-5 week body weight. Individual selection for 4 week body weight is superior for improving performance. Special care required during collection and handling of hatching eggs as they are thin shelled. Shell thickness in Quail egg: 0.1 mm, Chicken egg: 0.31 mm. Quail reach sexual maturity at 6-7 weeks of age and lay on day light. 50% egg production at 8th week of age and peak production by 10th week of age. They produce 280-300 eggs in a year. Nearly 70% of egg lay at 3-6 pm while 20% in later. Average egg weight is 10 gm. which is 8% of the body weight. In Japanese quail, annual egg mass production is 20 times higher than adult female body weight (in chicken 10 times). Eggs are multicoloured ranging from brown, blue, whitish to buff each heavily molted with black brownish.

Factor affecting fertility:

- Parents should be 10-20 weeks of age.
- Mating ratio is 1:2-3 in cages and 1:45 in litter system.
- Egg should be collected for hatching after 4 days of introduction of male and female; and till 4 days after mating and separated.
- Breeders should be fed with quail breeder ration.
- Beak should be slightly cut using debeaker to check cannibalism.
- Special care should be taken in debeaking of males.
- Fertility will be decrease when the male are more than 6 month old.
- Hatchability of fertile eggs reduces with the age of female.
- Ageing has no effect on fertility of male.
- Hatchability is maximum in eggs of 10-24 weeks of age.

 Hatchability is better in winter season as compared to summer and monsoon.

Brooding Management:

Brooding care and management of chicks required until they grow feather. In quails, both battery and floor brooding is practiced. Battery brooding is better than floor brooding due to small size of chick. Chick weight is 6-7 gm. Brooding period in quails is up to 3 weeks for brooding period. Chicken battery brooder can be modified by covering the floor of the brooder by corrugated paper or rough surface paper during 1st week to avoid damage to feet or legs. During 1st day, feed is sprinkled on corrugated paper. Waterers should be designed to prevent drowning of chicks because drowning is the main cause of death of baby chicks. Initial brooding temperature should be 35°C and gradually reduced at the rate of 2.7°C every 4 day to reach upto room temperature. Reaction of chicks under the heat source must be considered as a better guide than thermometer.

High Temperature	Chicks will move away
Low Temperature	Chicks will huddle together
Optimum Temperature	Chicks will move uniformly

After first week, corrugated paper can be removed and provided with small feeder. Quail chicks, brood under continuous light for 24 hrs for first 2 weeks after which light programme depends upon the purpose of production. There is no need of artificial light during growing period.

Layer Management:

When they are 5-6 weeks of age, they are transferred to laying cages. Layer quail begin to lay at 6 weeks of age, reach 60% of the production at 8 weeks of age and 80% of production at 10 weeks of age. Annual egg production is 280-300 eggs. Total feed intake is 8 kg/ year. Feed consumption/day is 25 gm/day. Total photoperiod is 14-16 hours is recommended for layer. Day length influence sexual maturity. To induce early sexual maturity, light period should be started earlier. To delay sexual maturity, photoperiod can be increase from 6 weeks only.

Quail Nutrition:

Nutrient	Starter (0-3 week)	Grower (4-5 weeks)	Layer (6 weeks onwards)
Energy (kcal/bird)	2750	2750	2700
Protein %	27	24	22
Calcium %	0.8	0.6	3.0
Phosphorus %	0.3	0.3	0.45
Vitamin A (IU/Kg)	10000	10000	10000
Vitamin D(IU/Kg)	1250	1250	1250
Lysine %	1.4	1.25	0.73
Methionine %	0.41	0.36	0.32

Physical and Chemical composition of Eggs:

Shape is spheroid, characterized by variety of colour from dark brown, blue and white, each heavily molted with black and brown. Egg shell pigments of quail egg are ooporphycin and biliverdin and blue green eggs have oocyan pigments. Peculiarity to shape, size, colour pattern are characteristic of individual quail layer. Weight of the quail egg is 10-12 gm.

Physical composition of Egg:

Parameters	Quail egg	Chicken egg
Egg weight (gm)	10.3	56.7
Albumen %	56.5	57.1
Yolk %	32.6	31.1
Shell %	9.9	10.7
Shell thickness (mm)	0.19	0.31
Egg Shape Index	78.5	73.3
Egg Yolk Index	0.45	0.45
Egg Albumen Index	0.9-1	0.9-1
Haugh Unit value	87-90	-
Inner thin albumen %	33	-
Inner thick albumen %	31	-
Yolk % relation to albumen in	quail is more t	han chicken
Yolk fat %	30	-
Yolk protein %	19	-
Albumen protein %	11	-
Lipid (triglyceride) %	67	-
Cholesterol content less in	16.3	17.94
Quail egg than Chicken egg	mg/gm yolk	mg/gm yolk

Chemical composition of Egg:

Parameters	Quail egg	Chicken egg
Moisture %	73	74
Protein%	13.23	12.8
Fat %	10.83	11.50
Ash %	1.03	1.0
Carbohydrate %	1.02	0.90
Energy (Kcal/100g egg)	158	156-183
Calcium (mg)	59	58.5
Phosphorus (mg)	220	181
Iron (mg)	3.8	2.4
Thiamine (mg)	0.12	0.08
Riboflavin (mg)	0.85	0.30
Niacin (mg)	0.10	0.07
Vitamin A (I.U.)	300	370

Behavior problem:

Cannibolism:

Cannibalism having in different forms: vent pecking, feather pecking, head pecking and nose pecking. Nose pecking is most common type of cannibalism seen in birds of 2-7 weeks of age. Cannibal birds peck at the top of the mouth, where fleshy portion merge out with the beak where birds die due to blood loss. Even if the birds survive, beak permanently deformed and males not used for breeding purpose.

Reason: Insufficient Feederer and waterer's space, underfeeding, insufficient nest space, over crowing, mineral deficiency, especially sodium and chloride, excess maize in the diet, pellet feeding, strong artificial light, high amount of temperature, irritation from external parasite.

Prevention: Debeaking is practical suggestion. Papaya or green leaves hang in the cages. Azolla and Tulasi leaves can be given to the quail bird.

Mfrs.:

Corrugated Chick Boxes &

Hatching Egg Box

Paper Pulp trays, Coconut Coir

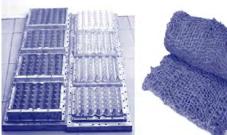
SRI LAKSHMI

PACKAGING COMPANY



S.S. PACKAGINGS

Mfrs.: **Corrugated Boxes**, Cores Pulp trays, Coir











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Cargill Mycotoxin survey

Cargill Mycotoxin Survey (India)

Survey period: Jan'22 - November'22

Mycotoxins represent a significant risk to animal health and are a significant issue for a safe feed supply chain. Despite efforts to control fungal contamination, feed and food mycotoxin contamination is unavoidable and unpredictable. A high incidence of multi-mycotoxin contamination has been reported in feed. Although only a very limited number of mycotoxins have been analyzed, co-contamination is of particular concern due to potential additive or synergistic effects on animals.

Mycotoxin contamination in ingredients is major concern in India due to favourable condition for their proliferation and poor storage practice.

Cargill Mycotoxin Survey (Jan'22 - Nov'22) for the Indian region covers an overview of mycotoxin distribution and its concentration in various ingredients.

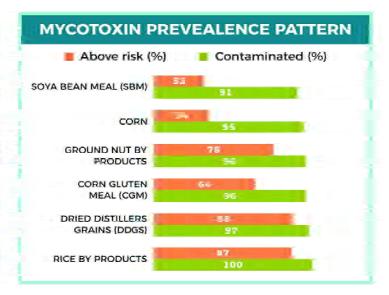
Number of analysis: 4811

Contaminated: 98.03%

Above Risk Level: 74.93%

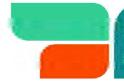
Region: 18 states

Sources: Suppliers, Farms Feed Millers, Integrators



DORB 100% Contaminated DDGS 97% Contaminated CGM 96% Contaminated

Ground Nut Meal 96% Contaminated



Cargill Mycotoxin Survey

Cargill Mycotoxin Survey (India)

Mycotoxin Contamination Summary

Aflatoxin

Contaminated Samples

N° Samples 4,285

3%

Above Risk Level

N° Samples 3,286 76.69%

Average Avg Above (ppb) Risk (ppb)

30 38

Maximum (ppb)

366

Fumonisin

Contaminated Samples

N° Samples 188



Above Risk Level

N° Samples 109



Average Avg Above (ppb) Risk (ppb)

988 1,618

Maximum (ppb)

7,740

T2 Toxin

Contaminated Samples

N° Samples 175



Above Risk Level

N° Samples 121



Average Avg Above (ppb) Risk (ppb)

137 194

Maximum (ppb)

1,056

Zearalenone

Contaminated Samples

N° Samples 162



Above Risk Level

N° Samples 88



Average Avg Above (ppb) Risk (ppb)

123 214

Maximum (ppb)

965

Mycotoxin Prevalence Table for predominantly used ingredients in feed industry

Corn Mycotoxin No Samples No Positive No Above Risk Average (ppb) Maximum (ppb) Aflatoxin (total) 426 409 127 17 202 1,559 5,570 Fumonisin 26 24 22 T2 Toxin (total) 21 20 14 85 412 Zearalenone 16 5 43 319





Cargill Mycotoxin survey

Cargill Mycotoxin Survey (India)

Rice by products

Mycotoxin	N° Samples	N° Positive	N° Above Risk	Average (ppb)	Maximum (ppb)
Aflatoxin (total)	2.984	2.982	2,617	30	268
Fumonisin	41	36	22	677	4,160
Zearalenone	37	36	23	132	784
T2 Toxin (total)	39	39	25	67	549



Sova Bean Meal (SBM)

Mycotoxin	N° Samples	N° Positive	N° Above Risk	Average (ppb)	Maximum (ppb)
Aflatoxin (total)	112	105	33	12	81
Fumonisin	28	23	9	463	2,130
T2 Toxin (total)	27	26	14	39	155
Zearalenone	27	23	6	25	134



Ground Nut Meal

Mycotoxin	N° Samples	N° Positive	N° Above Risk	Average (ppb)	Maximum (ppb
Aflatoxin (total)	157	157	143	73	323
Fumonisin	31	26	16	704	2840
T2 Toxin (total)	30	30	17	52	353
Zearalenone	29	24	13	74	373



Corn Gluten Meal (CGM)

Mycotoxin	N° Samples	N° Positive	N° Above Risk	Average (ppb)	Maximum (ppb)
Aflatoxin (total)	23	23	23	85	325
Fumonisin	15	15	14	3,184	7,740
T2 Toxin (total)	15	15	14	307	762
Zearalenone	15	14	13	170	743



Dried Distillers Grains (DDGS)

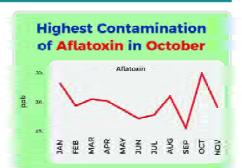
Mycotoxin	N° Samples	N° Positive	N° Above Risk	Average (ppb)	Maximum (ppb)
Fumonisin	30	25	20	842	2,900
T2 Toxin (total)	28	28	28	411	1,056
Zearalenone	27	27	24	266	965
Aflatoxin (total)	79	79	71	61	221



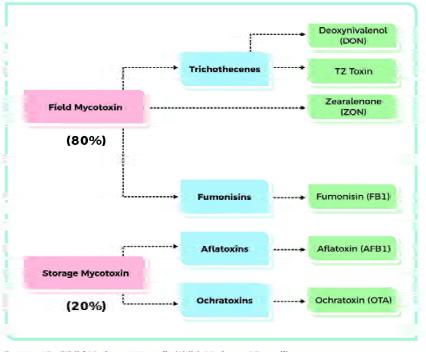


Leverage Cargill's Global Expertise to get insight on Mycotoxin Prevalence & its Mitigation Strategies

Fungi Life Cycle Infected ear Fungi Infection occurs survives through silks, in debris kernel wounds in soil (birds, insects) or on soil or systemically surface through roots Weather and Fungi are soilborne precipitation











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Litter Management at Poultry Farm

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Suraj Amrutkar

Introduction:

Day to day, Indian poultry industry grows tremendously. Good management practice is one of the reasons for its growth. Birds can not be reared on a hard cement floor to avoid leg weakness,

breast blisters, ammonia smell, soiled feathers and other managemental problems. In general, broilers are rearing on litter floor house only. Although, litter is function more efficiently on an earthen floor; but a concrete floor is advised for a perfect disinfection at the end of each batch.

What is poultry litter?

Litter is a soft, fibrous plant materials, which absorbs moistures and harmless to the birds. Poultry litter is a mixture of poultry excreta, spilled feed, feathers and mineral used as bedding in poultry operations. It provides media for absorbing moisture from faecal matter. It protects the feet of the birds from direct exposure to the floor (cushion like) and kept free from bumble foot and foot sores. Various agro-industrial by-products and waste products can be utilized as litter materials are paddy husk, pea nut hulls, coir pith, wood shavings, saw dust, fallen leaves, chopped straw, sugarcane bagasse, paper shreds, millets/jawars/corn cobs and thrash waste material left after harvesting various crops. The choice of the litter materials mainly depends upon the cost and local availability. Sand is also occasionally used as bedding.

Qualities of a good litter material:

 It must absorb moisture from droppings quickly; but absorb a minimum moisture from the atmosphere.

- It must release moisture and dried up rapidly.
- It must have least tendency to form cakes.
- It must be free from mould growth.
- It must be free from sharp objects and other objectionable materials.
- It must be non-toxic, inert and compressible.
- It should possess good insulating properties and protect chicks from extremes of climate.
- It must be cheap and locally available.
- It must be biodegradable, supply some nutrients to the birds and form a good quality manure later.
- It must have medium particle size, soft and light in weight.
- It must be amenable for the birds to scratch and play in the litter; so that the birds will not have boredom and develop vices like packing.

Causes of changes in litter condition: Many things affect the condition of the litter:

- Relative humidity and temperature of the outside air
- Relative humidity and temperature inside the poultry house
- Number, age and weight of the birds in the building
- Amount of air moving through the house
- Water consumption of the birds
- · Makeup and form of the feed
- Stress in the birds
- Diseases and mold conditions
- Overcrowding will make the litter wet soon.
- Insufficient litter materials
- Insufficient ventilation

- Too high side walls of the house
- Defective and leaky waterers
- Splashing of rain water into the shed
- Enteric diseases like diarrhea
- Water quality, especially the dissolved mineral levels
- Pellet feeding will increase the water intake and thereby courses wet litter condition
- Litter management such as racking
- Excess salt in feed or water will leads to watery droppings
- Excess fiber in the feed also leads to watery droppings and wet litter conditions
- Operating the foggers to cool the poultry house will increase the humidity and wet litter condition

Litter maintenance:

The recommended initial litter thickness will be 3cm during summer and 5cm during winter; whereas the final litter thickness will be ranging between 8 to 12cm depending on the season and growing period. Add small quantities of litter materials, whenever the previous litter material is becoming wet and caking up. Before adding fresh litter material, remove the caked up and wet litter material. Rack the litter thoroughly to break the clumps with the help of a litter racker and allow it to dry. Sprinkle a mixture of wood ash and fertilizer grade superphosphate in the ratio of 4:1, at the rate of 5 kg per 10 m² area, before racking the litter, to prevent ammonia gas realease from the litter. Do not add slaked lime powder to the litter; because this will increase the pH of the litter; which in turn release more ammonia from the litter and also favors the growth of E. coli; the most common pathogen of poultry. Avoid spillage of water on the litter. Never fill the waterers to their full capacity. Remove the wet litter immediately, sprinkle wood ash + superphosphate 4:1 mixture as indicated above, and add fresh litter, if needed. In case of open sided houses, close the curtains while raining, to prevent splashing rain water. Water as soon as the rain stops, remove the curtains, to improve ventilation and to reduce the ammonia level. Provide sufficient ventilation and avoid overcrowding to keep the litter dry.

A well maintained litter should not form cakes. The moisture level in the litter should be between 20-25%, if the moisture level is more than 25%.

- It will become wet and form cakes.
- Generate more heat due to fermentation.
- More ammonia gas will be produced; leading to conjunctivitis and rhinitis.
- More incidence of coccidiosis.
- The wet litter will form boots over the foot pad and toes and cause foot pad dermatitis, bumble foot and lameness.
- More incidences of parasitic and respiratory disease and flies. On the other hand, too dry litter will contaminate the feeders and waterers by falling into it. Create too much dustiness and predispose the birds to brooder pneumonia and other respiratory diseases

Recycling of old litter:

In certain places where the litter material is very costly, scarce and no market for the used litter, the old litter is recycled after treatment. The common treatment followed will be heaping and reheaping. During reheaping, the top layer of the previous heap will go to the bottom and the bottom layer will come to the top. During heaping and reheaping, the litter get fermented, which will generate sufficient heat, to kill all the harmful microbes and make it safe for the next batch of the birds reared on it. While heaping, a disinfectant solution will be sprayed on the floor and heaped litter, reduce the microbial load. After 7 to 10 days of heaping and reheaping, the litter will be spread again. The caked up litter will be broken or removed. Rack the litter daily and bring the litter moisture level to below 15%. Now the recycled litter is ready for rearing the batch of birds.

Never recycle the litter, if any serious disease outbreak has occurred in the previous batch on that litter. The recycle litter is always inferior to the new litter.

Advantages of Litter Management:

The poultry man who can manage his litter will prevent many more problems. During the growing period, litter should contain between 20 and 30% moisture. There are several advantages, as follows:

- · Feathering is better
- Growth is closer to normal
- Feed conversion is improved
- The coccidiosis problem is more easily controlled
- Ammonia in the house is reduce
- Flies and parasites problem comes in control because they will breed in moist litter

Determining litter condition:

The litter should be neither to dry nor too wet. To test this, take a sample of litter in the hand, press it hard in the palm and gently open the hand. If the litter condition is optimal, the compressed litter materials show crevices. If the litter is too wet, it forms a cohesive ball. If the litter is too dry, it will form no impression, crumble easily and fall away in a pile.

Wet Spots around waterers:

Birds will spill some water when drinking and the litter around the waterers may become extremely wet. Probably the biggest reason for keeping a required percentage of moisture in the litter has to do with the control of coccidiosis. Oocyst sporulation is increased in this area of the house, and may be great enough too cause an increase in incidence of coccidiosis. Remove the wet materials

and check to see that the water level in the waterers is low. Be sure all automatic water valves are working properly and that water is not overflowing.

Litter born diseases:

- Coccidiosis
- Colibacillosis
- Salmonellosis
- Aflatoxicosis
- Aspergillosis (brooder pneumonia)

Diseases such as pododermatitis, hock burn and breast blisters are all a consequence of poor litter. In Turkeys, "Shaky leg Syndrome" sometimes follows foot ulceration associated with poor litter quality. These disorders cause unnecessary suffering to the birds and can also result in downgrading of the end product at the slaughter house.

Uses of litter:

- Compost improvement
- Feed in fish pond
- Bio gas production

Potential for poultry litter used as fertilizers:

Traditionally, poultry litter is used as a fertilizer. As with other manures, fertilizing value of poultry litter is excellent, but it is less concentrated than chemical fertilizers; giving it a relatively low value. This makes it uneconomical to ship long distances and it tends to lose its nitrogen value fairly quickly. Although poultry manure is a waste product, it is one that has considerable value as a fertilizer and feed nutrients.

Characteristic of poultry manure produced under several species.

Source of	Trantmont	Moisture	Analy	sis dry b	asis %	Organic
manure	Treatment	content	N	Р	K	matter
Broiler	Fresh	76%	5.66	1.5	2.06	-
Hen	Fresh	76%	6.18	1.74	1.64	79.17
Turkey	Fresh	74%	5.04	1.19	1.58	77.82

Chemical analysis:

Ash	26%
Crude fibre	10%
Crude Protein	33.5%
N-free extract	22.5%

Manure production of 1.8 kg/ birds.

Daily	138.88 gm
Weekly	972.22 gm
Monthly	4.17 kg
Yearly	50.69kg

Average composition of chicken manure:

Parameters	Fresh manure	Litter manure
Dry matter %	20-22	50
Nitrogen %	1-1.5	1-2
Phosphorus %	1-2	2
Potassium %	0.7	1
Calcium %	2.2	3

Poultry Waste management:

Growing concentration of broiler and egg production units resulted in the production of waste on a large scale. Two main types of wastes are produced by poultry enterprises depending on the rearing system adopted on the farm i.e. poultry litter and cage layer waste. Cage litter waste has nutritive value as compared to poultry litter.

Heaping:

Deep stocking of poultry waste produces considerable heat and had been shown to destroy coliform bacteria. The maximum temperature was reportedly attained in 4-8 days. When the litter from the broiler house is placed in a heap, the heat which subsequently developed is sufficient to destroy the pathogenic organisms that are present.

Drying:

Probably the oldest method of processing waste for re-feeding is the drying of poultry manure in natural air condition under sunlight. This is the cheapest and most feasible method in a tropical country. Thin bed drying of poultry manure to 30% or lower moisture levels was found to prevent the breeding of flies, reduce obnoxious odour and maintain the nutrient value of the manure particles. Faster the manure is dried; the higher is the nitrogen value.

Conclusion:

At the beginning, the litter contains only 12% moisture. If moisture level exceed 30% due to poor ventilation, too many birds, irregular stirring or damp floor; the litter will cease to function efficiently because the manure digesting bacteria can be active only within 30% moisture of the litter. Sometimes many birds will bear "balls" made of litter materials at their claw tips. Ball formation is a sign of bad litter management. Built-up litter has a very important role in providing warmth to the birds in winter. In winter, the litter depth can be increased to 10-12" while in summer it has to reduced 2.5-4". The dropping from chicken when mixed with litter synthesizes riboflavin (vitamin B₂) and vitamin B₁₂ by chemical and bacterial action. The built-up litter is also contains niacin, phosphorus, potassium, magnesium, sodium and calcium. Deep litter birds often peck and eat a small quantity of litter material which contains above nutrient. Even if the poultry feed is slightly deficient in some of the nutrients, the deep litter birds will not show any deficiency symptoms because nutrients getting from litter materials. In cage rearing, such litter nutrients is completely absent. So, all the nutrients including calcium, phosphorus and sodium must be balanced in poultry ration.



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PRESS RELEASE



Avitech Nutrition participates in Poultry India Exhibition 2022 at Hyderabad



Avitech Nutritionparticipated in the 14thPoultry India Exhibitionheld from 23th November 2022 to 25th November 2022 at Hitex Exhibition Grounds, Hyderabad, India.

Avitech Nutrition showcased the products of the recently launched PhyGeno Division. PhyGeno manufactures plant-based products for the poultry, aqua, cattle and swine sectors. PhyGeno products such as Avitriol (Natural Bioactive Vitamin D3), GenoLiv (Plant Based Hepatostimulant), Green C (Plant Based Vitamin C) and PhyCholine(Plant Based Choline) evoked keen interest amongst the visitors at the Avitech Nutrition booth.



Avitech Nutrition also exhibitedsome popular and proven products such as Avimin (Inorganic Trace Mineral Premix), Performins (Organic Trace Minerals Premix), Lipidin (Emulsifier and Nutrient Absorption Enhancer) and TriSorb (Premium Toxin Binder).

Avitech holds a significant market share in severalproduct verticals in the feed additive businesses of the poultry industry. Participation in Poultry India Hyderabad exhibition provided Avitech avaluable platform to present its innovative products and services to the stakeholders of the poultry industry.

For further technical or trade related enquiries contact

Avitech Nutrition

GP-37, Udyog Vihar, Sector-18, Gurgaon-122015, Haryana (India)

E-mail: marketing@avitechnutrition.com

Website: www.avitechnutrition.com



WEDDING BELLS



Sow. Shruti

(D/O MRS. VAISHALI & MR. UDDHAV AHIRE) Got married with

Chi. Vedang

(S/O MRS. SUJATA & MR. VAISHAL NAIK)

On 4th December 2022, Sunday, 7.30 pm.

Venue: THE LAWNS, ARIA RESORT & SPA, NASHIK.

The WEDDING RECEPTION was well attended by poultry fraternity from all over the country and blessed the couple

> The team of **Poultry Line** wish the couple a long. happy and prosperous married life







INSIDE SERIES







OUTSIDE SERIES

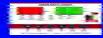






Digital Series





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Website: www.karamsar.in karamsarequipments.com

9910310001, 9999226259, 8888800076, 9910423173















INCUBATOR (EGG HATCH SERIES)

HAVE NO BRANCH



WEDDING BELLS



Yasaswini

(D/o. Smt. Kalyani Guntaka & Sri Ramesh Guntaka)

Got married with

Venkata Vikas

(Elder son of Smt. Aruna Chirumamilla & Sri Balaji Chirumamilla)

On 14th December 2022, Wednesday, 7.20 pm.

Venue: A Convention, Brindavan Colony, Vijayawada.

The WEDDING was well attended by poultry fraternity from all over the country and blessed the couple

The team of **Poultry Line** wish the couple a long, happy and prosperous married life





WEDDING BELLS



Harsha Sri Jagapati Rayudu

(Grand Son of Chitturi Jagapati Rao & Mangayamma) (S/o. Suresh Rayudu & Jahnavi) got married with

Mahima

(D/o. Smt. Jyothsna & Sri Dhanekula Tirumal Prasad)

On 20th Dec 2022 Tuesday 7.30 pm

Venue: N Convention, Hyderabad.

The Wedding Reception was well attended by poultry fraternity from all over the country and blessed the couple



The team of **Poultry Line** wish the couple a long, happy and prosperous life



TIONAL EGG CO-ORDINATION COMMITTEE PREVAILING PRICES AT VARIOUS PRODUCTION CENTRES (PC) AND CONSUMPTION CENTERS (CC) DECEMBER 2022	Average		570.9	541.47	537.48	550.17	553.1	265	558	562.52	534.42	510.17	529.32	536.27	598.29	538.32	594.06	550.48	539.84	580.74	539.37	582.07	534.42	545.65	534.42	531.32		581.84	543.65	546.8	565.65	595.77	597.84	546.63	597.84	595.65	601.19
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Date

27 to 29
January 2023

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Contact: TEZASVI EVENTS

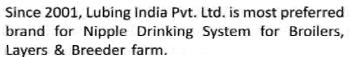
2-1-444/16, 1st Floor, O.U.Road, Nallakunta, Hyderabad - 500044.

Cell: 9849368003, 6309677047 Email: tezasvievents@gmail.com

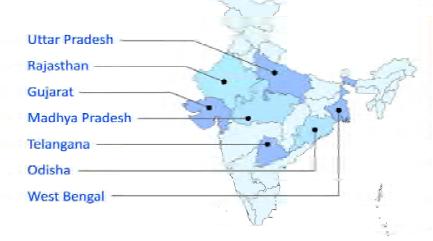
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